

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 5, line 1 as follows:

C² (Amended) and is applied at several points over the surface of the heart proximate to or surrounding the portion of the heart whose position is desired to be fixed during the procedure. The instruments feature several suction ports which are brought into contact with the heart, followed by the application of a negative pressure through the instrument, to fix the position of the tissue based on the placement of the instrument. The instruments may also contain a sealed, airtight pressure conducting chamber for operably connecting to a pressure inlet for communicating the negative pressure to the suction ports. Alternatively, each suction port may have a dedicated vacuum line attached thereto.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 9, line 2 as follows:

C³ (Amended) Referring to Figure 2, a dome-shaped or semi-spherical embodiment of the invention has a plurality of suction ports 2 spaced about the periphery of the bottom surface 6 of the dome portion 8 such that the entire instrument is fixed to the cardiac tissue at the point of each of the several suction ports 2. As with the above embodiment, it is preferred that each suction port 2 be pneumatically connected via an air-tight pressure conducting chamber 4. The base of the instrument is comprised of a substantially flat bottom surface 6 wherein the opening of each of the suction ports 2 is flush at the bottom surface 6. The bottom surface 6 is preferably substantially flat because the bottom surface 6 will engage the surface of the heart when the negative pressure is imposed. Alternatively, depending on the size of the instrument and the location of placement on the surface of the heart, the bottom surface 6 may be contoured so that the suction ports 2 may engage a curved surface of the heart. The bottom surface 6 may also have a separate contact layer 7 to cushion the contact between the instrument and the heart tissue and to facilitate forming a tight seal when the negative pressure is imposed. The contact layer may cover substantially the entire bottom surface 6 proximate to the openings of the suction ports 2. If the material surrounds the openings of the suction ports, it is preferable that the material not be air permeable to prevent the negative pressure from passing through the contact layer 7. Also, the contact layer 7 may be attached at the periphery of the bottom surface 6. The available materials for the contact layer 7 include the well-known and commercially available medical plastics such as TEFLON®, silicone, and others